

## Physics 2D Lecture Slides Lecture 17: Feb 8th 2005

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Diffraction By a Circular Aperture (Lens)

See Resnick, Halliday Walker 6th Ed (on S.Reserve), Ch 37, pages 898-900



Fig. 37-9 The diffraction pattern of a circular aperture. Note the central maximum and the circular secondary maxima. The figure has been overexposed to bring out these secondary maxima, which are much less intense than the central maximum.

Diffracted image of a point source of light thru a lens ( circular aperture of size d )

First minimum of diffraction pattern is located by

 $\sin\theta = 1.22$ 

See previous picture for definitions of  $\vartheta, \lambda, d$ 











